DENVER CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Denver City Independent School District Name of School District

<u>Yoakum</u> County <u>251-901</u>. Co.- Dist Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and _____ approved _____ disapproved (check one) for the year ended August 31, 2014 at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the _____ the day of December, 2014.

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are):

(attach list as necessary):

FINANCIAL SECTION

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

4216 102nd P.O. Box 93550 Lubbock, TX 79493-3550

Randel J. Terry, CPA Ryan R. King, CPA

Telephone - (806) 698-8858 – Fax – (866) 288-6490

Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements

Board of Trustees Denver City Independent School District 501 Mustang Avenue Denver City, Texas 79323

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Denver City Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants



Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Denver City Independent School District, as of August 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Denver City Independent School District's financial statements. The accompanying other schedules listed in the table of contents as Other Supplementary Information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

This information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This information, except for that portion marked "unaudited" on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Fund Balance and Cash Flow Calculation Worksheet-General Fund has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Independent Auditors' Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2014, on our consideration of the Denver City Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Denver City Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Jerry & King

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C. December 12, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Denver City Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended August 31, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$76,175,914 at August 31, 2014.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$5,920,253 less than the \$44,927,426 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs increased less than 1% from last year, and no new programs were added this year.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$40,532,822.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—*management's discussion and analysis* (this section), the *basic financial statements, and required supplementary information.* The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary fund* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1F, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report

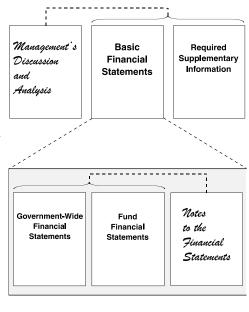




Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

	s		
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
	• Statement of net assets	• Balance sheet	 Statement of fiduciary net assets
Required financial statements	• Statement of activities	 Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances 	• Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on

 how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the
 balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements
 provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial
 resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information
 does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional
 information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the
 relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position. The District's combined net position was \$76,175,914 at August 31, 2014. (See Table A-1).

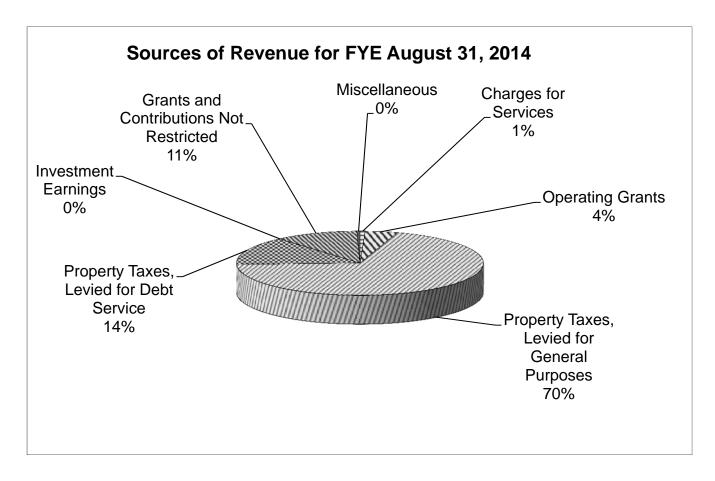
Table A-1
Denver City Independent School District's Net Position

		Governmental Activities	Percentage
	<u>August 31, 2014</u>	<u>August 31, 2013</u>	Change
Current assets:			
Cash and Investments	57,332,361	75,530,537	-24%
Due from other governments	1,793,496	75,805	2266%
Taxes Receivable, net	87,412	71,795	22%
Other Receivables	180	186	-3%
Total current assets:	59,213,449	75,678,323	-22%
Noncurrent assets:			
Land	1,061,479	1,061,479	0%
Construction in Progress	3,312,899	8,361,730	-60%
Buildings & Improvements	61,614,715	42,426,680	45%
Less accumulated depreciation,	(40.007.004)	(40,000,407)	407
buildings & improvements Vehicles	(18,867,001)	(18,096,427)	4%
	2,765,757	2,565,488	8%
Less accumulated depreciation, vehicles	(1,780,022)	(1,639,560)	9%
Furniture & Equipment	3,153,178	2,552,412	24%
Less accumulated depreciation,	5,155,170	2,002,412	2470
furniture & equipment	(2,000,515)	(1,711,317)	17%
Total noncurrent assets	49,260,490	35,520,485	39%
Total Assets	108,473,939	111,198,808	-2%
Current liabilities:	105.010	101.011	000/
Accounts Payable	125,219	101,811	23%
Payroll Deductions & Withholdings Accrued Wages Payable	105,561 448,327	118,439	-11% 3%
Due to Other Governments	127,836	435,929 126,813	1%
Unearned Revenue	159	3,447,258	-100%
Total Current Liabilities	807,102	4,230,250	-81%
		1,200,200	0170
Non-current liabilities:			
Premium on Bond Issuance	915,538	1,026,056	-11%
Due Within One Year	2,559,316	5,111,587	-50%
Due in More than One Year	28,016,069	30,575,254	-8%
Total Non-current Liabilities	31,490,923	36,712,897	-14%
Net Position:		04 440 000	4.00/
Net investment in capital assets	35,159,274	31,442,303	12%
Restricted for Debt Service	399,065	321,381	24%
Unrestricted Total Net Position	40,617,575	<u>38,491,977</u> 70,255,661	<u>6%</u> 8%
	76,175,914	70,200,001	0 70

The \$40,617,575 of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues were \$44,927,426. A significant portion, 84 percent, of the District's revenue comes from taxes. (See Figure A-3.) 15 percent comes from grants, while 1% percent relates to miscellaneous revenues and charges for services.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$39,007,173; 26 percent of these costs are for instructional and instruction-related services. The District expended \$18,872,122 for contracted instructional services between schools.



(Figure A-3)

Governmental Activities

• Property tax rates remained constant at \$1.2533 per \$100 value. The current tax levy decreased \$4,437,769, or 11%. Taxes collected in the year ending August 31, 2014 were \$37,545,795 compared to \$42,066,029 in FYE 2013.

Table A-2 Changes in Denver City Independent School District's Net Position

		Governmental Activities	Deveentere
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	Percentage Change
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	309,963	301,411	3%
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,896,110	1,697,612	12%
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	31,218,336	34,940,201	-11%
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	6,400,980	7,166,020	-11%
Grants and Contributions not restricted	4,889,120	2,753,878	78%
Investment Earnings	32,087	65,680	-51%
Other	180,830	228,398	-21%
Total Revenues	44,927,426	47,153,200	-5%
Instruction	10,182,045	9,365,378	9%
Instructional Resources and			
Media Services	313,280	287,850	9%
Curriculum Development and			
Instructional Staff Development	207,611	212,258	-2%
School Leadership	1,070,424	907,239	18%
Guidance, Counseling and			
Evaluation Services	521,787	438,365	19%
Health Services	188,616	183,130	3%
Student (Pupil) Transportation	403,684	383,404	5%
Food Services	1,230,767	1,215,163	1%
Curricular/Extracurricular			
Activities	1,194,354	982,022	22%
General Administration	789,980	716,886	10%
Plant Maintenance & Operation	2,334,083	2,199,407	6%
Security & Monitoring Services	50,625	52,054	-3%
Data Processing Services	301,170	262,736	15%
Community Services	24,836	23,611	5%
Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,100,844	464,901	137%
Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost & Fees	825	122,739	-99%
Contracted Insructional Services			
Between Schools	18,872,122	20,940,873	-10%
Other Governmental Charges	220,120	220,215	0%
Total Expenses	39,007,173	38,978,231	0%
Increase (Decrease) in			
Net Position	5,920,253	8,174,969	-28%
Net Position - Beginning	70,255,661	62,080,692	13%
Net Position - Ending	76,175,914	70,255,661	8%

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$39,007,173.
- The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$37,619,316.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$309,963 or
- By grants and contributions \$6,785,230.

Table A-3 Net Cost of Selected District Functions

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of % Change Services			% Change
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2014</u>	2014-2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014-2013
Instruction	10,182,045	9,365,378	9%	9,182,204	8,548,798	7%
Extracurricular Activities	1,194,354	982,022	22%	1,123,358	924,568	22%
School administration	789,980	716,886	10%	768,979	700,095	10%
Plant Maintenance & Operations	2,334,083	2,199,407	6%	2,279,061	2,149,926	6%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$44,907,310 for the period ended August 31, 2014, a decrease of 5% from the preceding year. Local revenues decreased 11% (\$4,611,677), state program revenues increased 71% (\$2,360,482), and federal program revenues decreased 2% (\$26,743).

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget 3 times. Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$1,203,715 below final budgeted amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted in expenditures for contracted instructional services between public schools.

Resources available were \$328,148 above the final budgeted amount:

- Local and Intermediate revenues were \$330,976 more than expected.
- State Program Revenues were \$2,828 less than projected.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2014, the District had invested \$71,908,028 in a broad range of capital assets, including, land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$14,940,239 or 26 percent over last year.

Table A-4

District's Capital Assets

		Governmental Activities 2014 2013	
Land	\$ 1,061,479	\$ 1,061,479	0%
Buildings and improvements	64,927,614	50,788,409	28%
Vehicles	2,765,757	2,565,489	8%
Furniture & Equipment	3,153,178	2,552,412	24%
Totals at historical cost	71,908,028	56,967,789	26%
Total accumulated depreciation	(22,647,539)	(21,447,304)	6%
Net capital assets	49,260,489	35,520,485	39%

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

Table A-5

District's Long-Term Obligations

			Total	
	Gove	Governmental		
	Ac	Activities		
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014-2013</u>	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 30,574,316	\$ 35,685,902	(14%)	
Accumulated Accretion on CABs	1,069	938	14%	
Premium on Bonds	915,537	1,026,056	(11%)	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 31,490,922	\$ 36,712,896	(14%)	

More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised value used for the 2015 budget preparation shows a slight increase.
- General operating fund spending per student should remain approximately the same.
- The District's 2015 refined average daily attendance is expected to remain constant.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2015. The District does not plan an increase in program revenues and estimates an increase in expenditures for staffing due to incremental salary increases.

The District's budgetary general fund balance is not expected to change appreciably by the close of 2015.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Services Department.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT A-1

DENVER CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Denver City, Texas

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2014

Dete		1
Data Control Codes	_	Governmental Activities
	ASSETS:	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 57,332,361
1225 1240	Taxes Receivable, Net Due from Other Governments	87,412 1,793,496
1240	Other Receivables	1,793,496
1290	Capital Assets:	180
1510	Land	1,061,479
1520	Buildings & Improvements, net	42,747,714
1530	Furniture & Equipment, net	2,138,398
1580	Construction in Progress	3,312,899
	C C	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 108,473,939</u>
	LIABILITIES:	
	Current Liabilities:	
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 125,219
2150	Payroll Withholdings Payable	105,561
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	448,327
2180	Due to Other Governments	127,836
2300	Unavailable Revenue	159
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due within one year	2,559,316
2502	Due in more than one year	28,016,069
2516	Premium on bond issuance	915,538
2000	Total Liabilities	32,298,025
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net investment in capital assets	35,159,274
0050	Restricted for:	200
3850	Debt Service	399,065
3900		40,617,575
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 76,175,914</u>

EXHIBIT B-1

DENVER CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Denver City, Texas

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

		1	3	4	
Data	ata		Program Revenues		Net (Expense)
Control				Operating	Revenue and
		_	Charges for	Grants and	Changes in
Codes	Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Net Position
	Government Activities:				
11	Instruction and Instruction-Related Services	\$ 10,182,045	\$ 10,550	\$ 989,291	\$ (9,182,204)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	313,280	-	12,803	(300,477)
13	Curriculum Development and Instructional				<i></i>
	Staff Development	207,611	-	62,296	(145,315)
23	School Leadership	1,070,424	-	45,568	(1,024,856)
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	521,787	-	25,947	(495,840)
33	Health Services	188,616	-	9,648	(178,968)
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation	403,684	-	14,734	(388,950)
35	Food Services	1,230,767	250,902	627,849	(352,016)
36	Extracurricular Activities	1,194,354	46,111	24,885	(1,123,358)
41	General Administration	789,980	-	21,001	(768,979)
51	Plant Maintenance and Operations	2,334,083	2,400	52,622	(2,279,061)
52	Security and Monitoring Services	50,625	-	-	(50,625)
53	Data Processing	301,170	-	8,563	(292,607)
61	Community Services	24,836	-	903	(23,933)
72	Interest on Long-Term Debt Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	1,100,844	-	-	(1,100,844)
73 91	Contracted Instructional Services Between Public Schools	825	-	-	(825)
91 99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	18,872,122 220,120	-	-	(18,872,122) (220,120)
	5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
TG	Total Government Activities	39,007,173	309,963	1,896,110	(36,801,100)
TP	Total Primary Government	39,007,173	309,963	1,896,110	(36,801,100)
МТ	General Revenues:	naral Durnagaa			24 240 226
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Ge				31,218,336
IE	Property Taxes, Levied for Del	ot Service			6,400,980
GC	Investment Earnings	Destricted to Cr	acific Drogrom	•	32,087
MI	Grants and Contributions Not Miscellaneous	Resincted to Sp	Program	5	4,889,120 176,330
S1	Gail on Sale of Personal Prope	arty			4,500
TR	Total General Revenue	erty			42,721,353
IK	Total General Revenue				42,721,333
CN	Change in Net Position				5,920,253
NB	Net Position Beginning				70,255,661
NE	Net Position Ending				<u>\$ 76,175,914</u>

EXHIBIT C-1

DENVER CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Denver City, Texas

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2014

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
	ASSETS:							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 44,169,533	\$	392,094	\$ 12,714,251	\$	56,483	\$ 57,332,361
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net	72,535	+	14,877	-	Ŧ		87,412
1240	Due from Other Governments	1,688,245		4,313	-		100,938	1,793,496
1260	Due from Other Funds	76,875		-	4,675,454		-	4,752,329
1290	Other Receivables	180		-			-	180
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 46,007,368	\$	411,284	<u>\$ 17,389,705</u>	\$	157,421	<u>\$ 63,965,778</u>
	LIABILITIES:							
	Current Liabilities:	•	•		•	•		• • • • • • • •
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 72,563	\$	-	\$ -	\$	52,656	\$ 125,219
2150 2160	Withholdings Payable Accrued Wages Payable	105,561 420,438		-	-		- 27,890	105,561 448,328
2100	Due to Other Funds	4,675,454		-	-		76,875	4,752,329
2170	Due to Other Governments	127,836		_	-			127,836
2300	Unavailable Revenue	159		-	-		-	159
2000	Total Liabilities	5,402,011		-			157,421	5,559,432
2000	<u></u>							
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
2601	Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes	72,535		14,877	-		-	87,412
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	72,535		14,877	-		-	87,412
				· · · · ·				
	FUND BALANCES:							
	Restricted Fund Balances:							
3470	Capital Acquisition Program	-		-	17,389,705		-	17,389,705
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-		396,407	-		-	396,407
0540	Committed Fund Balances:							
3510	Construction and Land Purchase	18,442,343		-	-		-	18,442,343
3530 3590	Capital Expenditures for Equipment Other Purposes	6,969,219		-	-		-	6,969,219
3590	Unassigned	7,983,992 7,137,268		-	-		_	7,983,992 7,137,268
3000	Total Fund Balance	40,532,822		396,407	17,389,705			58,318,934
3000	Total Fund Dalance	40,552,622		390,407	17,309,705			30,310,934
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
	OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 46,007,368	\$	411,284	\$ 17,389,705	\$	157,421	\$ 63,965,778
			-			-		

EXHIBIT C-1R

DENVER CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Denver City, Texas

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2014

Tota	I Fund Balances Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$ 58,318,934
	nounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) e different because:	
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	49,260,489
2	Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds.	87,412
3	Some liabilites, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(30,575,383)
4	The amount of premium/discount on bonds is required to be recognized in the statement of net position.	 (915,538)
Net	Position of Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position	\$ 76,175,914

EXHIBIT C-2

DENVER CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Denver City, Texas

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES--GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
	REVENUES:					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 31,445,881	\$ 6,398,670	\$ 25,425	\$ 252,105	\$ 38,122,081
5800	State Program Revenues	5,530,184	-	-	173,688	5,703,872
5900	Federal Program Revenues				1,081,357	1,081,357
5020	Total Revenues	36,976,065	6,398,670	25,425	1,507,150	44,907,310
	EXPENDITURES:					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction and Instruction-Related Services	8,775,440	-	559,401	551,414	9,886,255
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	268,821	-	24,897	-	293,718
0013	Curriculum Development and Instructional					
	Staff Development	134,991	-	-	58,538	193,529
0021	Instructional Leadership	-	-	-	-	-
0023	School Leadership	997,816	-	-	-	997,816
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	486,394	-	-	-	486,394
0033	Health Services	175,822	-	-	-	175,822
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	376,302	-	255,808	-	632,110
0035	Food Services	-	-	-	1,147,282	1,147,282
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,064,963	-	118,094	-	1,183,057
0041	General Administration	726,514	-	10,600	-	737,114
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	2,141,905	-	63,948	-	2,205,853
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	50,625	-	-	-	50,625
0053	Data Processing Services	301,170	-	98,481	-	399,651
0061	Community Services	24,836	-	-	-	24,836
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	-	5,111,587	-	-	5,111,587
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	1,211,232	-	-	1,211,232
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	-	825	-	-	825
0081	Capital Outlay	-	-	14,139,206	-	14,139,206
0091	Contracted Instructional Services Between Public Schools	18,872,122	-	-	-	18,872,122
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	220,120				220,120
6030	Total Expenditures	34,617,841	6,323,644	15,270,435	1,757,234	57,969,154
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,358,224	75,026	(15,245,010)	(250,084)	(13,061,844)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):					
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property	4.500	_	_	-	4,500
7915	Operating Transfers In	-,500	_	_	250,084	250,084
8911	Operating Transfers Out	(250,084)	-	-	- 200,004	(250,084)
0011	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(245,584)			250,084	4,500
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(243,304)			230,004	4,500
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	2,112,640	75,026	(15,245,010)	-	(13,057,344)
0100	Fund Balances Beginning	38,420,182	321,381	32,634,715		71,376,278
3000	Fund Balances Ending	\$ 40,532,822	\$ 396,407	\$ 17,389,705	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>

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DENVER CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Denver City, Texas

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ("SOA") are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays during the current period.	14,970,220		
The depreciation of capital assets is not reported in the funds. This is the amount of current depreciation on these assets.	(1,230,214)		
Certain property tax revenues are unavailable in the funds. These are the amounts that have not been collected and are therefore do not provide current financial resources. This is the amount that these accounts changed during the current period.	15,616		
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is a reduction of long-term debt in the statement of net position. This amount is the total debt principal repaid for capital leases, loans & bonded indebtedness.	5,111,587		
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds. This is the amount of increase in accrued interest expense for the year.	(131)		
Premiums received from the issuance of bonds is recorded in the governmental funds as an other source of current resources. For the statement of net position, these premiums are amortized and a portion recognized as revenue over the life of the bonds. This is the changes in premium from the issuance of bonds	110,519		
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities Statement of Activities	\$ 5,920,253		

EXHIBIT E-1

DENVER CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Denver City, Texas

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS August 31, 2014

Data Control Codes		Agency Funds
1110	ASSETS:	¢ 149.200
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 148,209</u>
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 148,209
		<u></u>
	LIABILITIES:	
2190	Due to Student Groups	<u>\$ 148,209</u>
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 148,209

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended August 31, 2014

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Denver City Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statue to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as revised by GASB Statement No. 39, and there are no component units included within the reporting entity.

- 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting
 - a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the over-reporting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non exchange transactions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 2 Year Ended August 31, 2014

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all of taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This is the District's fund for the collection of revenues from property taxes for the specific purpose of retiring loans and bonded indebtedness.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to report the District's construction and investment in physical plant and other capital assets.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds: These funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal financial assistance generally is accounted for in a special revenue fund. Except for the food service fund, any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specific project periods. The food service fund is the only required budgeted special revenue fund. For all other funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 3 Year Ended August 31, 2014

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support the District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, the revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 4 Year Ended August 31, 2014

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims, and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

c. Fund Balance Classification

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of bonds and are restricted by State Statute. Capital projects are restricted by State Statute and are legally segregated for funding of capital improvements.

<u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 5 Year Ended August 31, 2014

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool is operated in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on assessed value listed as of the prior January 1st for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1st of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1st of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. As of August 31, 2014, the amount deemed uncollectible by this estimate was \$58,644. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect the cost applicable to future periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 6 Year Ended August 31, 2014

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

d. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances. There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of the period end.

e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	5-15
Office Equipment and	
Furniture	3-15
Computer Equipment	3

f. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 7 Year Ended August 31, 2014

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line on the government-wide statement of net position.

h. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

i. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 8 Year Ended August 31, 2014

- A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)
 - j. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The Texas Education Agency requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

B. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

> Violation None Reported Not Applicable

Action Taken

2. Budgetary Information

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's Financial Accounting and Reporting module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning September 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Child Nutrition Fund. The remaining special revenue funds adopt project-length budgets that do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting that is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 9 Year Ended August 31, 2014

C. Deposits and Investments

Under Texas state law, the District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect the District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") Insurance.

Cash Deposits

At August 31, 2014, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$6,791,454 and the bank balance was \$7,259,781. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2014 and during the year then ended were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principle and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports an establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 10 Year Ended August 31, 2014

C. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

State statutes and Board policy authorize the District to invest in 1) obligations of the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities; 2) obligations of state, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent; 3) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in Texas; 4) obligations of the state of Texas or its agencies; 5) other obligations guaranteed by the U.S. or the state of Texas or their agencies and instrumentalities; 6) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and 7) public funds investment pools. Temporary investments are reported at cost, which approximates market, and are secured, when necessary, by the FDIC or obligations of items 1-4 above at 102% of the investment's market value.

The District's investments at August 31, 2014 included investment pools in the amount of \$50,685,411.

Investment Pool	Account Name	Fund Rating (Standard & Poor's)	Maturity	<u>Amount</u>
Lone Star - GOF Lone Star – GOF Lone Star – GOF	General Fund Interest & Sinking Construction	AAAm AAAm AAAm	Wtd Avg Maturity 49 days Wtd Avg Maturity 49 days Wtd Avg Maturity 49 days	\$ 37,538,325 392,094 <u>12,754,992</u> <u>\$ 50,685,411</u>

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of now lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 11 Year Ended August 31, 2014

C. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end as if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 12 Year Ended August 31, 2014

C. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

D. Interfund Balances and Activities

Interfund balances at August 31, 2014 consisted of the following individual fund balances:

Fund	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
<u>General Fund:</u> Capital Projects Special Revenue Funds	\$ - 76,875	\$ 4,675,454
Total General Fund	76,875	4,675,454
Capital Projects: General Fund	4,675,454	<u> </u>
<u>Special Revenue Funds:</u> General Fund		76,875
Total	<u>\$ 4,752,329</u>	<u>\$ 4,752,329</u>

These interfund receivables and payables were recorded to eliminate cash flow deficits of various funds and to record balances not repaid as of year-end. All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

E. Interfund Transfers

Transfer From Fund	Transfer To Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$ 250,084

The District transferred \$250,084 from the General Fund to the Food Service Fund to cover the deficit from food service activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 13 Year Ended August 31, 2014

F. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2014 was as follows:

Government Activities	Balance <u>09/01/13</u>	Additions	Deletions/ Reclassifications	Balance <u>08/31/14</u>
Land Construction in Progress Buildings & Improvements Vehicles Furniture & Equipment Total Capital Assets	\$ 1,061,479 8,361,730 42,426,679 2,565,489 2,552,412 56,967,789	\$- 3,281,899 10,857,306 230,248 <u>600,766</u> 14,970,219	\$ - (8,330,730) 8,330,730 (29,980) - (29,980)	\$ 1,061,479 3,312,899 61,614,715 2,765,757 <u>3,153,178</u> 71,908,028
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings & Improvements Vehicles Furniture & Equipment Total Accum. Depreciation Net Capital Assets	18,096,426 1,639,560 <u>1,711,318</u> 21,447,304 <u>\$ 35,520,485</u>	770,576 170,442 <u>289,197</u> <u>1,230,215</u> <u>\$13,740,004</u>	- 29,980) - (29,980) \$ -	18,867,002 1,780,022 2,000,515 22,647,539 \$49,260,489
Depreciation was charges to fu 11-Instructions 12-Instructional Resources 13-Curriculum Developmen 23-School Leadership 31-Guidance, Counseling & 33-Health Services 34-Student (Pupil) Transpo 35-Food Service 36-Cocurricular/Extracurric 41-General Administration 51-Plant Maintenance & O	\$ 678,687 19,561 14,083 72,608 35,394 12,794 27,383 83,485 77,494 52,866 155,860 \$ 1,230,215			

G. Short-Term Debt Activity

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 14 Year Ended August 31, 2014

H. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. During each year while bonds are outstanding, the District is required to levy and collect sufficient ad valorem taxes to provide for the payment of principal and interest as it becomes due. The District complied with all significant limitations and restrictions contained in the bond indentures. Interest expense of \$1,211,232 was charged to expense in the current period.

1. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2014, are as follows:

<u>Governmental</u> <u>Activities</u> :	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	<u>Decrease</u>	Endin <u>Bala</u>	ig ance	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
General obligation bonds Accum Accretion on CAB's Premium on Bonds Total governmental activities	\$ 35,685,902 938 <u>1,026,056</u> <u>\$ 36,712,896</u>	\$ - 755 - <u>\$ 755</u>	\$ 5,111,586 624 <u>110,519</u> <u>\$ 5,222,729</u>	1,069		\$ 2,559,316
		laters at Data	N da tu mitu u	Amount Of Original	Outs	nount tanding
	D :	Interest Rate	Maturity	Issue	8/3	1/2014
General Obligation Bonds – Unlimited Tax School Building B Unlimited Tax School Building B Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds- Unlimited Tax School Building B	onds-Series 2009 onds-Series 2011 Series 2012 Series 2012* onds-Series 2013	2.50% to 3.25% 2.00% to 4.00% 2.00% 2.00% to 4.00% 2.00% to 5.00%	2-15-2017 2-15-2021 2-15-2019 2-15-2027 2-15-2033	\$ 14,990,000 24,999,977 9,010,000 49,986 19,190,000	2,4 9,0 	585,000 470,000 010,000 4,316 505,000 574,316

* indicates capital appreciation bonds

Capital Appreciation Bonds									
	Original	Accreted							
Series	Amount	8/31/2014							
2012	\$ 4,316	5,385							
		\$ 5,385							

2. Debt service requirements on general obligation bonds at August 31, 2014, are as follows:

_	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total					
2015	\$ 2,559,316	\$ 1,160,309	\$ 3,719,625					
2016	2,675,000	1,045,625	3,720,625					
2017	2,740,000	981,613	3,721,613					
2018	2,800,000	919,450	3,719,450					
2019	2,860,000	860,375	3,720,375					
2020-2024	5,340,000	3,499,000	8,839,000					
2025-2029	5,795,000	2,204,875	7,999,875					
2030-2033	5,805,000	598,375	6,403,375					
	<u>\$ 30,574,316</u>	<u>\$ 11,269,622</u>	<u>\$ 41,843,938</u>					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 15 Year Ended August 31, 2014

I. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District contributes to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS), a costsharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS administers retirement and disability annuities, and death and survivor benefits to employees and beneficiaries of employees of the public school systems of Texas. It operates primarily under the provisions of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Sec. 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. TRS Also administers proportional retirement benefits and service credit transfer under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Chapters 803 and 805, respectively. The Texas state legislature has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the pension plan and may, under certain circumstances, grant special authority to the TRS Board of Trustees. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the defined benefit pension plan. That report may be obtained by downloading the report from the TRS Internet website, <u>www.trs.state.tx.us</u>, under the TRS Publications heading, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by writing to the TRS Communications Department, 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

2. Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are established and amended pursuant to the following state funding policy: (1) The state constitution requires the legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6.0% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6.0% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the system during the fiscal year; (2) state statute prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of a particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Contribution rates and contributions for fiscal years 2014-2012 are shown in the table below. These rates are set by the General Appropriations Act. In certain instances, the reporting district is required to make all or a portion of the state's and/or member's contribution and on the portion of the employees' salaries that exceed the statutory minimum.

	Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts												
Member					State	Statutory Minimum &							
	Year	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Federal Grant Amounts							
	2014	6.4%	\$ 636,220	6.8%	\$ 625,489	\$ 140,005							
	2013	6.4%	\$ 610,343	6.4%	\$ 524,727	\$ 126,216							
	2012	6.4%	\$ 560,912	6.0%	\$ 497,534	\$ 105,816							

Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 16 Year Ended August 31, 2014

J. School District Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description - The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Web site under the TRS Publications heading, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

Funding Policy - Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insuance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. Funding for free basic coverage is provided by the program based upon public school district payroll. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. Funding for optional coverage is provided by those participants selecting the optional coverage. Contribution rates and amounts are shown in the table below for fiscal years 2014-2012.

Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts

Active Member				State	Sc	School District		
Year	Rate	Amount	Rate	Rate Amount I		e Amount		
2014	0.65%	\$ 64,615	1.0%	\$ 99,409	0.559	% \$ 54,690		
2013	0.65%	\$ 61,988	0.5%	\$ 47,683	0.559	% \$ 52,463		
2012		\$ 56,968	1.0%	\$ 87,642	0.559	% \$ 48,203		

K. Medicare Part D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. The District's portion of subsidy reimbursements received by TRS for the years ended August 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$32,821, \$33,663, and \$36,711, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 17 Year Ended August 31, 2014

L. Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2014, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$354 per month per employee participating in the plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll deductions to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the licensed insurer is renewable annually, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

M. Workers' Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2014, the District was unable to obtain workers' compensation insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. Therefore, the District joined together with several other school districts in the region to form South Plains School Workers' Compensation Program (SPSWCP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the school districts. The District pays an annual premium to SPSWCP for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the SPSWCP provides that SPSWCP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$350,000 for each insured event. Also, should claims exceed the aggregate attachment level of \$2,006,829; an additional \$1 million of coverage is available.

O. Litigation

There was no litigation pending or in progress against the District at August 31, 2014.

P. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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DENVER CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Denver City, Texas

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

Data Control		Budgetec	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
Codes	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
	REVENUES:				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 31,018,846	\$ 31,114,905	\$ 31,445,881	\$ 330,976
5800	State Program Revenues	5,533,012	5,533,012	5,530,184	(2,828)
5020	Total Revenues	36,551,858	36,647,917	36,976,065	328,148
	EXPENDITURES: Current:				
0011	Instruction	8,916,431	8,908,176	8,775,440	132,736
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	270,686	270,036	268,821	1,215
0013	Curriculum Dev. & Instructional Staff Dev.	126,511	136,011	134,991	1,020
0023	School Leadership	1,014,840	1,016,840	997,816	19,024
0031	Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	487,404	487,804	486,394	1,410
0033	Health Services	188,425	188,425	175,822	12,603
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	520,236	506,986	376,302	130,684
0036	Curricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,050,562	1,065,307	1,064,963	344
0041	General Administration	896,535	766,604	726,514	40,090
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	2,141,995	2,141,995	2,141,905	90
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	57,611	57,611	50,625	6,986
0053	Data Processing Services	302,941	302,941	301,170	1,771
0061	Community Services	1,431	26,431	24,836	1,595
0081	Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
0091	Contracted Instructional Services Between Public Schools	19,976,889	19,724,889	18,872,122	852,767
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		221,500	220,120	1,380
6030	Total Expenditures	35,952,497	35,821,556	34,617,841	1,203,715
7915	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In	_	-	-	_
8911	Operating Transfers Out	-	(252,000)	(250,084)	1,916
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(252,000)	(250,084)	1,916
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	599,361	574,361	2,108,140	1,533,779
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	38,420,182	38,420,182	38,420,182	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 39,019,543	\$ 38,994,543	\$ 40,528,322	\$ 1,533,779

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

	1	2		3		10	20	31	32		40		50
Last Ten Years Ended		Tax Rates		Assessed/Appraised Value for School		eginning Balance	Current Year's	Maintenance Total	Debt Service Total	ł	Entire Year's		Ending Balance
August 31*	Maintenance	Debt Service	Total	Tax Purposes	09	9/01/13	Total Levy	Collections	Collections	A	djustments	0	8/31/14
2005 and Prior Years 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014-School Yea Under Audit	Various 1.50000 1.37000 1.04000 1.04000 1.04000 1.04000 1.04000 1.04000 1.04000 1.04000	Various 0.09460 0.07320 0.00000 0.21330 0.21330 0.21330 0.21330 0.21330	Various 1.5946 1.4432 1.0400 1.2533 1.2533 1.2533 1.2533 1.2533	 1,758,793,350 2,460,093,968 2,504,996,806 3,263,918,118 3,205,963,750 3,627,078,077 3,595,168,173 3,356,070,055 3,001,983,324	\$	15,922 3,743 3,073 2,294 4,436 6,191 10,463 19,046 70,733	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 650 287 213 321 903 1,583 2,318 7,043 35,089 <u>31,107,788</u>	\$ 4 1 32 47 1,44 7,19 6,380,08	3 - - 5 5 7	(4,016) (85) (77) (56) (56) (67) (375) (1,196) (5,908) (56,072)	\$	11,215 3,353 2,772 1,917 3,477 4,216 7,295 9,362 22,539 79,909
1000	TOTALS				\$	135,901	\$ 37,623,857	<u>\$ 31,156,195</u>	\$ 6,389,60	<u>)</u> <u></u>	(67,908)	\$	146,055

Columns 10 + 20 - 30 - 30a + 40 Equals Column 50 Columns 30 and 30a -These are the total collections net of adjustments described in Column 40, Column 3 -Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes: according to each year of tax levy, and This is the net appraised value, after deductions of all do NOT include penalties and interest. exemptions, tax freeze amounts and reductions provided by law and those granted by the district, based on Column 40 -Entire Year's Adjustments: maintenance requirements. Total adjustments include corrections for errors in taxes assessed, taxes lost due to Column 20 -Current Year's Levy: tax freeze and discounts allowed for early This amount is calculated by multiplying tax rate(s) times payment of taxes. the applicable Assessed/Appraised Value(s) in Column 3. Column 50 -Ending Balance 8/31/14

EXHIBIT J-1

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DENVER CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Denver City, Texas

FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET GENERAL FUND AS OF AUGUST 31, 2014

Data		
Control		
Code	Explanation	Amount
1	Total General Fund Balance 8/31/14 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund Only)	\$ 40,532,822
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund Only)	
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1- total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)	
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1- total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)	25,411,562
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1- total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)	7,983,992
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)	4,808,033
7	Estimate of two month's average cash disbursements durinç the fiscal year	5,769,640
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX	2,500,000
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and Distric Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount	<u> </u>
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX	230,000
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)	
12	Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 +10 + 11)	\$ 46,703,227
13	Excess/(Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1 - 12)	\$ (6,170,405)
	If item 13 is a positive number Explanation of need for and/or projected use of net positive Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance:	

(UNAUDITED)

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

Data Control		1	2	Fina	3 ance with al Budget ositive
Codes		 Budget	 Actual	(N	egative)
	REVENUES:				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 6,400,317	\$ 6,398,670	\$	(1,647)
5020	Total Revenues	 6,400,317	 6,398,670		(1,647)
	EXPENDITURES: Current: Debt Service				
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	5,111,587	5,111,587		-
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,211,232	1,211,232		-
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	 825	 825		-
	Total Debt Service	 6,323,644	 6,323,644		-
6030	Total Expenditures	 6,323,644	 6,323,644		
7915	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In	-	-		-
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 	 		-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	76,673	75,026		(1,647)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	 321,381	 321,381		-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 398,054	\$ 396,407	\$	(1,647)

EXHIBIT J-3

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

Data Control		1	2	3 Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Codes	_	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
	REVENUES:				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 20,000	\$ 25,425	\$ 5,425	
5020	Total Revenues	20,000	25,425	5,425	
	EXPENDITURES: Current:				
0011	Instruction and Instruction-Related Services	565,000	559,401	5,599	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	27,250	24,897	2,353	
0023	School Leadership	-	-	-	
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	260,000	255,808	4,192	
0035	Food Services	-	-	-	
0036 0041	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities General Administration	125,000 12,000	118,094 10,600	6,906 1,400	
0041	Plant Maintenance and Operations	75,000	63,948	11,052	
0053	Data Processing Services	150,000	98,481	51,519	
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	-	-	-	
0081	Capital Outlay	16,350,000	14,139,206	2,210,794	
6030	Total Expenditures	17,564,250	15,270,435	2,293,815	
8911	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers Out		<u> </u>		
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)				
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(17,544,250)	(15,245,010)	2,299,240	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	32,634,715	32,634,715	<u> </u>	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 15,090,465	\$ 17,389,705	\$ 2,299,240	

EXHIBIT J-4

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST/LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

Data Control		1	2	Fina	3 ance with al Budget Positive
Codes		 Budget	 Actual	(N	egative)
	REVENUES:				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 246,500	\$ 251,300	\$	4,800
5800	State Program Revenues	4,000	4,363		363
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 631,000	 623,485		(7,515)
5020	Total Revenues	 881,500	 879,148		(2,352)
0035	EXPENDITURES: Current: Support Services-Student (Pupil): Food Services	1,133,500	1,126,611		6,889
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	 1,133,500	 1,126,611		6,889
6030	Total Expenditures	 1,133,500	 1,126,611		6,889
7915	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In	252,000	247,463		(4,537)
7915		 · · · · · ·			
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 252,000	 247,463		(4,537)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-		-
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	 	 -		-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 	\$ -	\$	-

EXHIBIT J-5

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

4216 102nd P.O. Box 93550 Lubbock, TX 79493-3550

Randel J. Terry, CPA Ryan R. King, CPA

Telephone - (806) 698-8858 – Fax – (866) 288-6490

Independent Auditors' Report

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Denver City Independent School District 501 Mustang Avenue Denver City, Texas 79323

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Denver City Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Denver City Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Denver City Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Denver City Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Denver City Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Jerry & King

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C. Lubbock, Texas December 12, 2014

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

4216 102nd P.O. Box 93550 Lubbock, TX 79493-3550

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Independent Auditors' Report

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Trustees Denver City Independent School District 501 Mustang Avenue Denver City, Texas 79323

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Denver City Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2014. Denver City Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Denver City Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Denver City Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

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Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants



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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Denver City Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Denver City Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Denver City Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that there is a program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Jerry & King

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C. Lubbock, Texas December 12, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

A. Summary of Auditors' Results

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

1. Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? X No Yes Significant Deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None Reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No 2. Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? <u>X</u>No Yes Significant Deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? X None Reported Yes Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133? Yes X No Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster National School Lunch Program 10.555 School Breakfast Program 10.553 10.565 Commodity Supplemental Food Program 10.559 Summer Food Service Program Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000 X Yes Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No B. Financial Statement Findings NONE

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SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

Management's ExplanationFindings/RecommendationCurrent Statusif Not Implemented

Not Applicable - None

> CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

Not Applicable – None Required

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

(1)	(2)	(2A) Pass-Through	(3) Federal Expenditures	
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Entity Identifying Number		
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed Through State Department of Education:				
Adult Education (ABE)-Federal	84.002	144100017110254	\$ 14,673	
ESEA Title 1, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	14610101251901	243,407	
IDEA-B Formula*	84.027A	146600012239016600	51,290	
IDEA-B, Preschool*	84.173A	146610012239016610	6,578	
Carl D. Perkins - Basic Grant	84.048A	14420006251901	19,468	
Title III, Part A-English Language Acquisition Title III, Part A-English Language Acquisition	84.365 84.365	14671001251901 15671001251901	15,490 15,000	
Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting Total U.S. Department of Education	84.367A	14694501251901	58,538 424,444	
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed Through State Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program*	10.555	71301401	311,750	
School Breakfast Program*	10.553	71401401	264,185	
Direct Program:				
Commodity Supplemental Food Program*	10.565	N/A	47,550	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			623,485	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through State Department of Education:				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Passed Through State Department of Human Services:	93.558	N/A	16,184	
Summer Food Service Program for Children*	10.559	N/A	17,244	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			33,428	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			<u>\$ 1,081,357</u>	

* - Indicates a cluster program under OMB Circular A-133.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Denver City Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, And Non-Profit Organizations.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

EXHIBIT L-1

DENVER CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Denver City, Texas

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE For the Year Ended August 31, 2014

SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning default on bonded indebtedness obligations?	No
SF4	Did the District receive a clean audit? Was there an unqualified opinion on the Annual Financial Report?	Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls?	No
SF9	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance?	No
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end	\$ 1,069